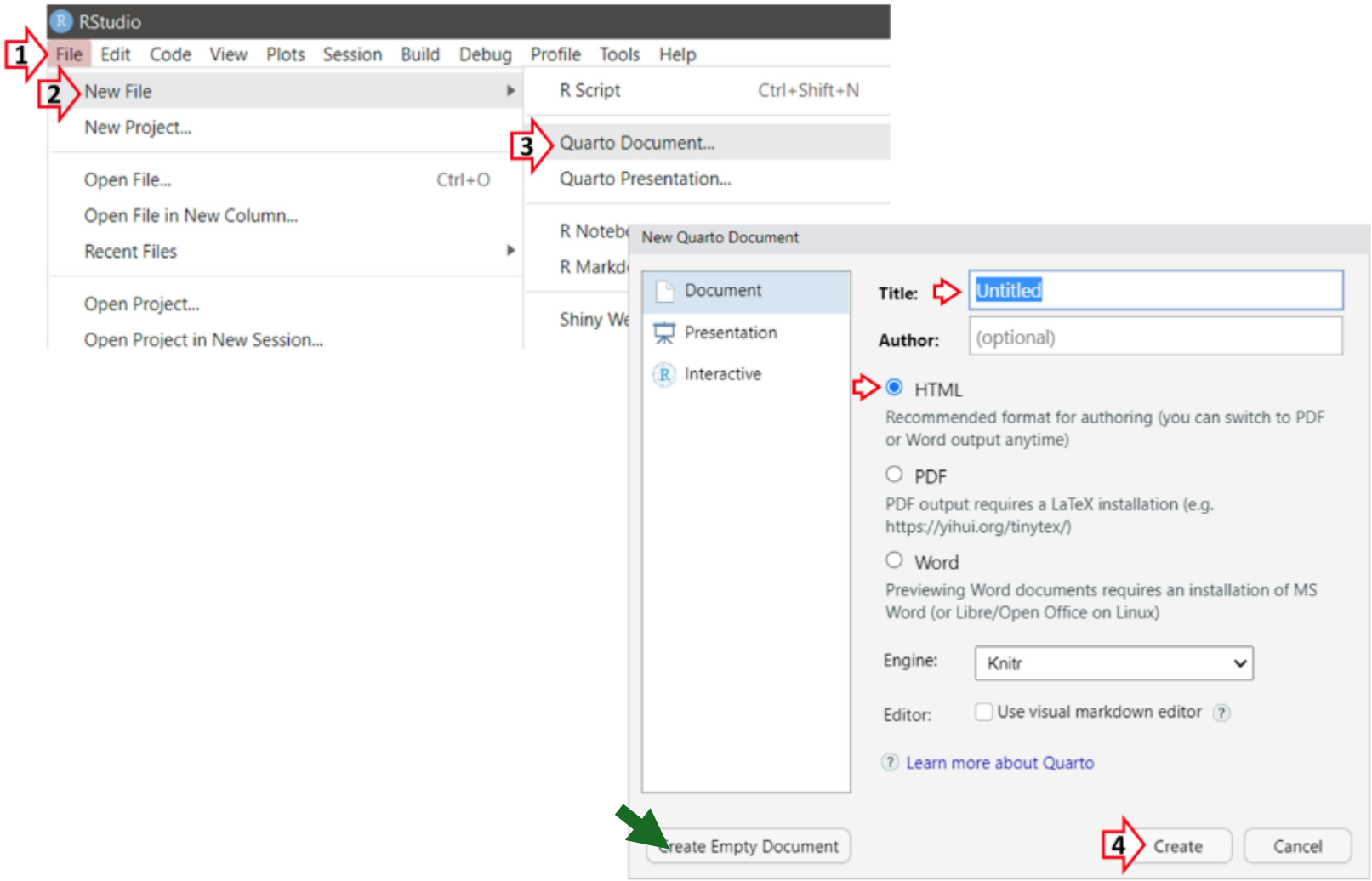
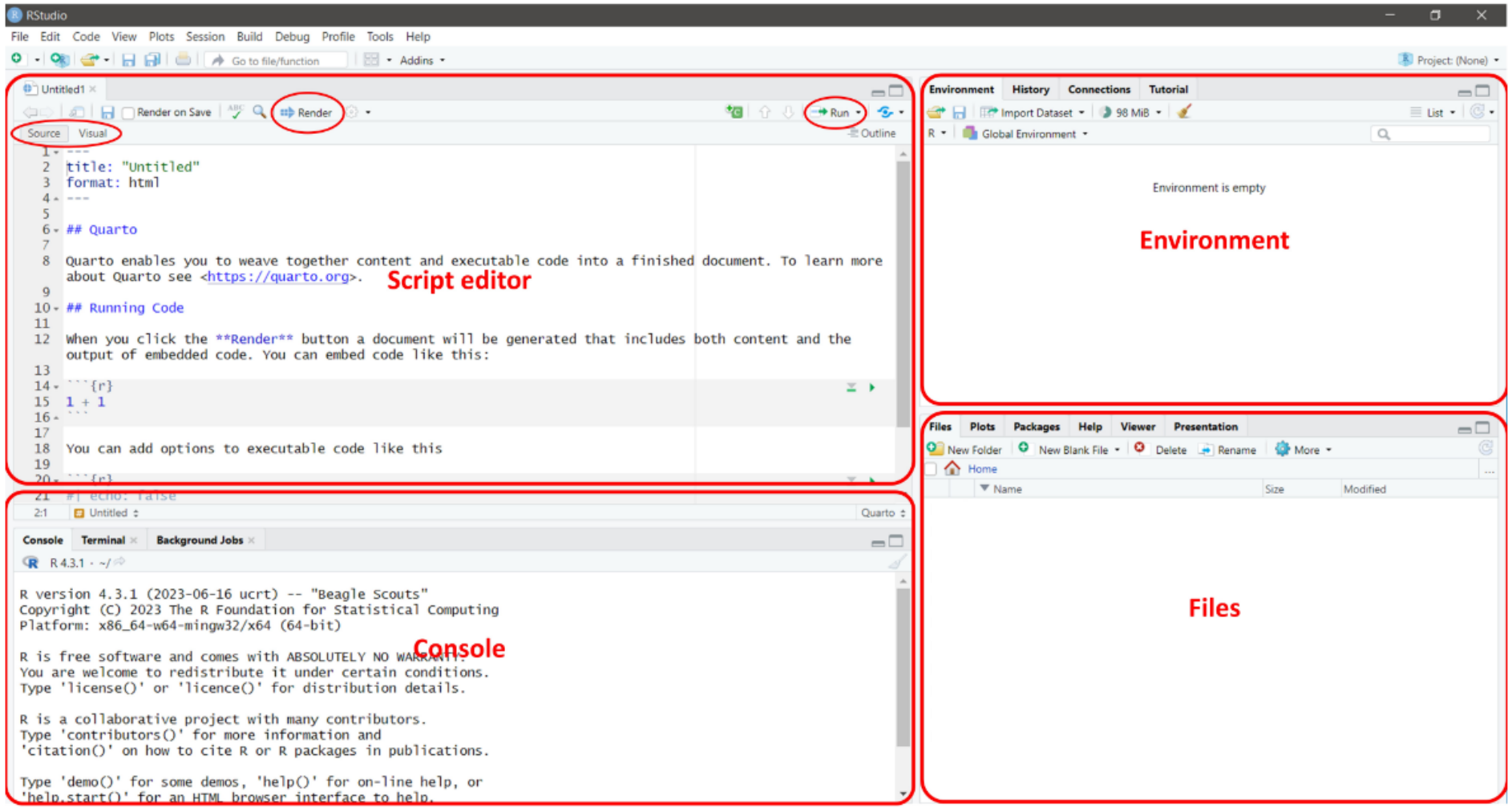
Getting started with Quarto document

1 - New Quarto Document:



1 - New Quarto Document:

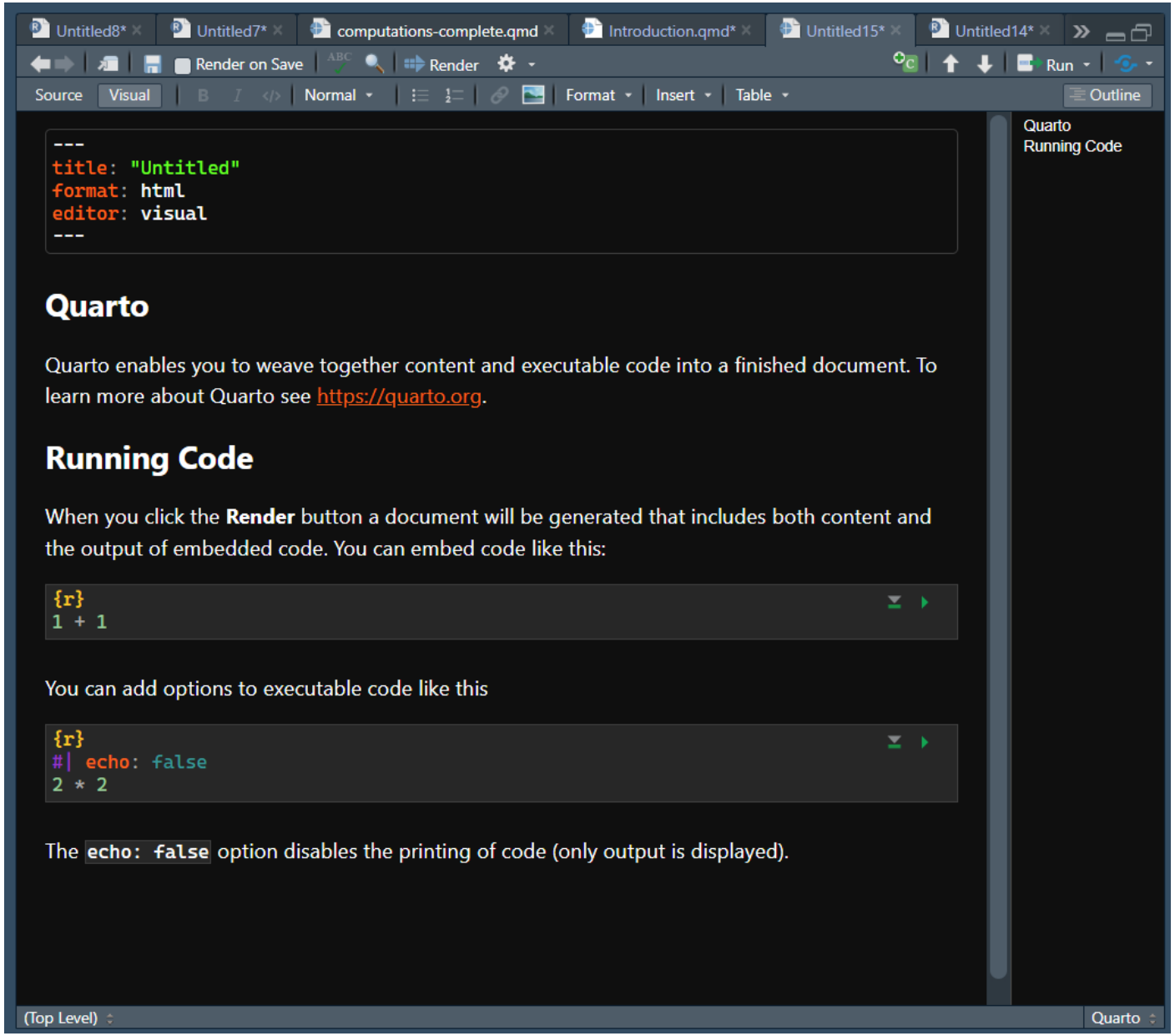
Create a file with temporary content to start



... save the document

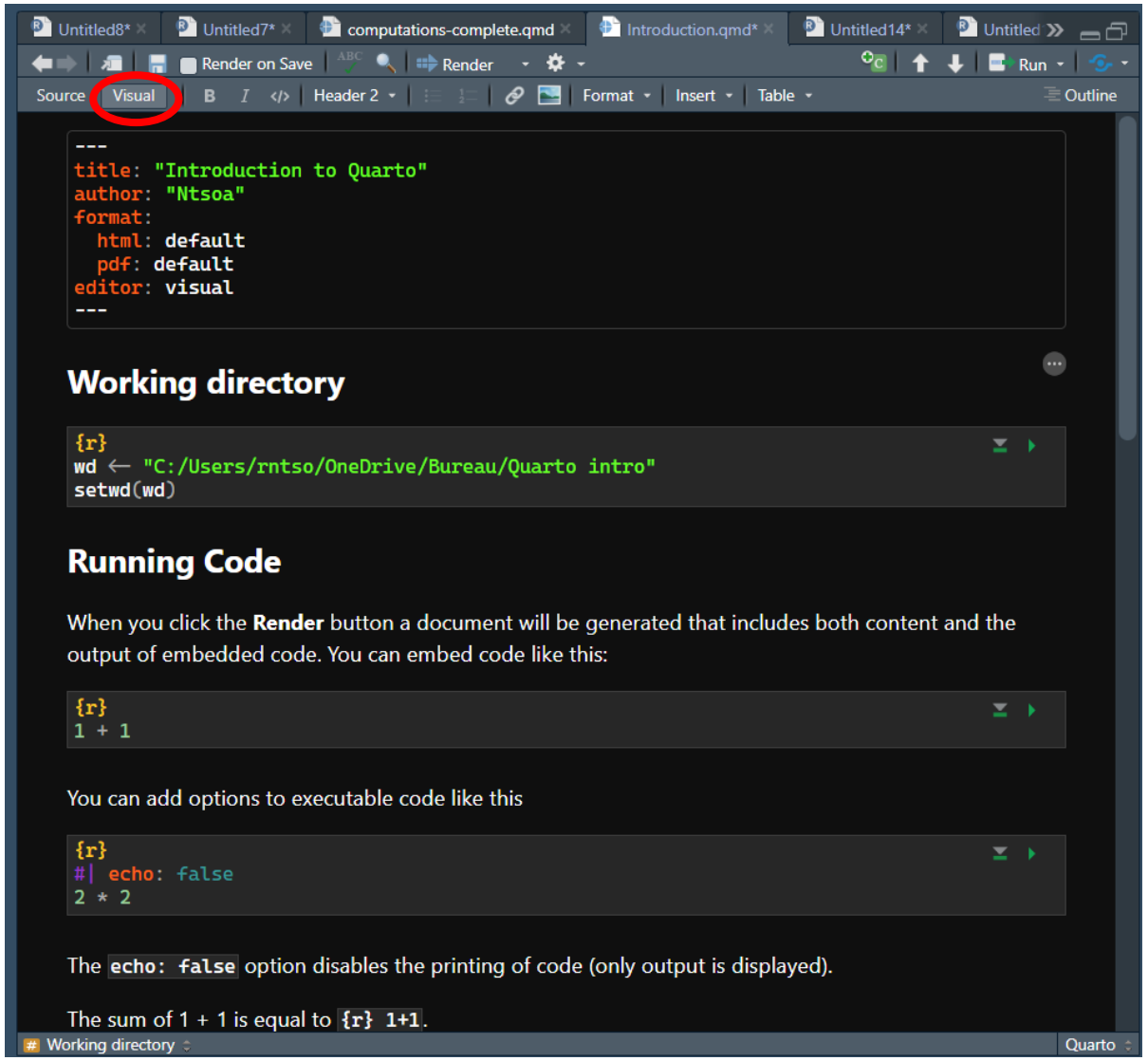
... a start for your future project

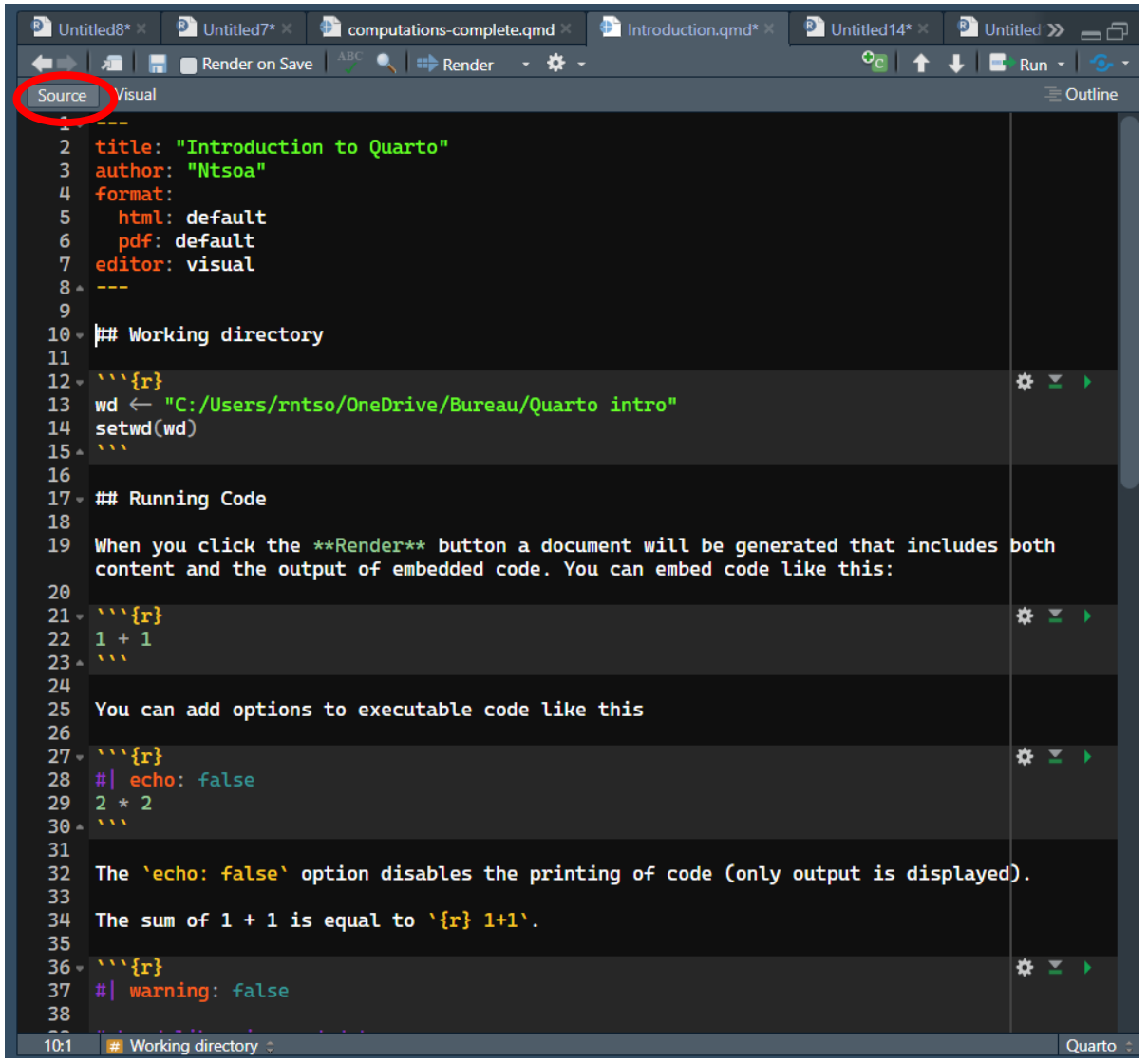
< New document



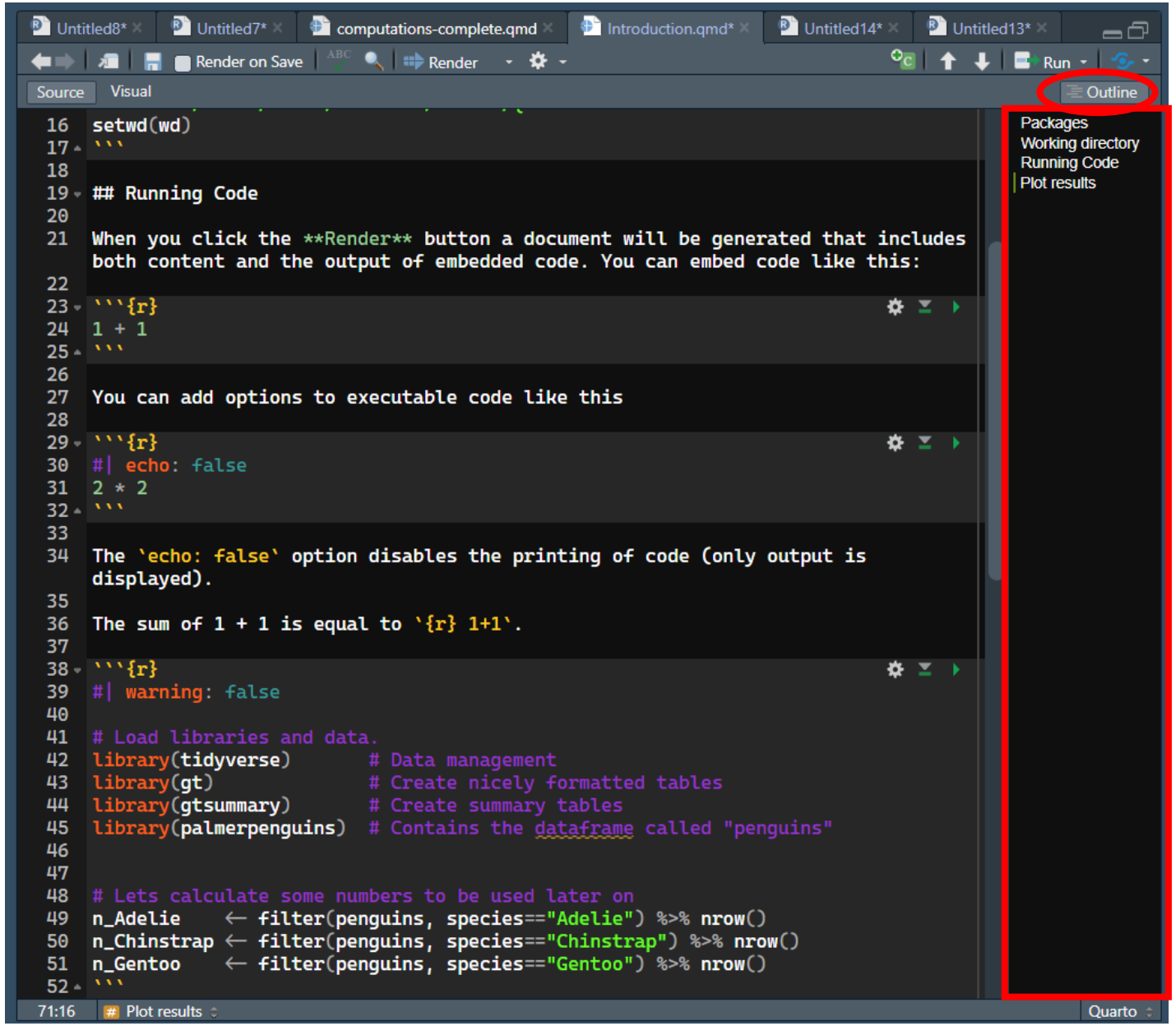
< Visual

< Source



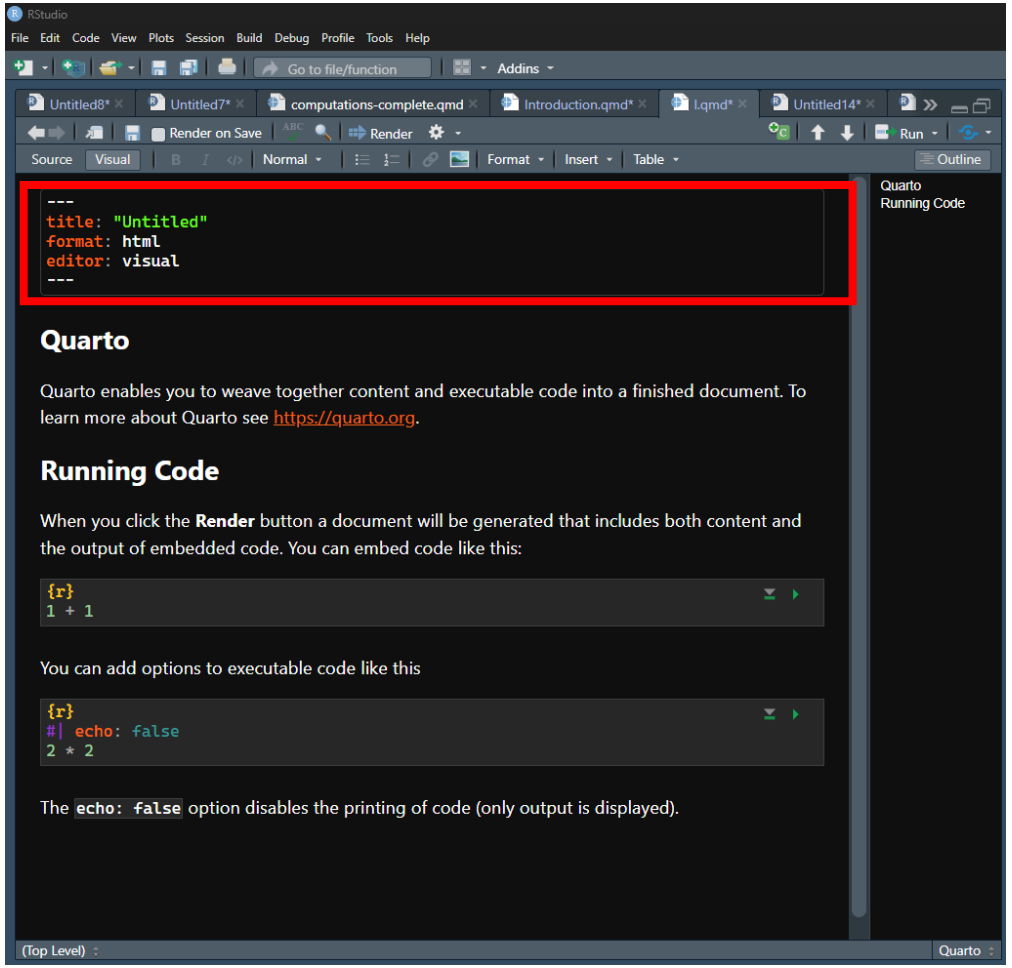


< Outline


Untitled8*
Untitled7*
computations-complete.qmd
Introduction.qmd*
Untitled14*
Untitled13*
Render on Save
Render
Run
Source
Visual
Outline
Packages
Working directory
Running Code
Plot results
setwd(wd)
Running Code
When you click the **Render** button a document will be generated that includes both content and the output of embedded code. You can embed code like this:
```{r}
1 + 1
```
You can add options to executable code like this
```{r}
#| echo: false
2 * 2
```
The `echo: false` option disables the printing of code (only output is displayed).
The sum of 1 + 1 is equal to `{r} 1+1`.
```{r}
#| warning: false
# Load libraries and data.
library(tidyverse)  # Data management
library(gt)  # Create nicely formatted tables
library(gtsummary)  # Create summary tables
library(palmerpenguins)  # Contains the dataframe called "penguins"
# Lets calculate some numbers to be used later on
n_Adelie <- filter(penguins, species=="Adelie") %>% nrow()
n_Chinstrap <- filter(penguins, species=="Chinstrap") %>% nrow()
n_Gentoo <- filter(penguins, species=="Gentoo") %>% nrow()
```
71:16
Plot results
Quarto

... stay in *Visual*

2 - Output Settings



Syntax (Input)

```
---
title: Introduction to Quarto
subtitle: My subtitle
author: Klajdi Puka
date: last-modified
format:
  html:
    self-contained: true
execute:
  echo: true
  warning: false
toc: true
number-sections: true
editor_options:
  chunk_output_type: console
---
```

Explanation

`format` specifies the type of output file to generate. Here it is an HTML file.

`self-contained: true` specifies that the HTML file generated should be standalone file.

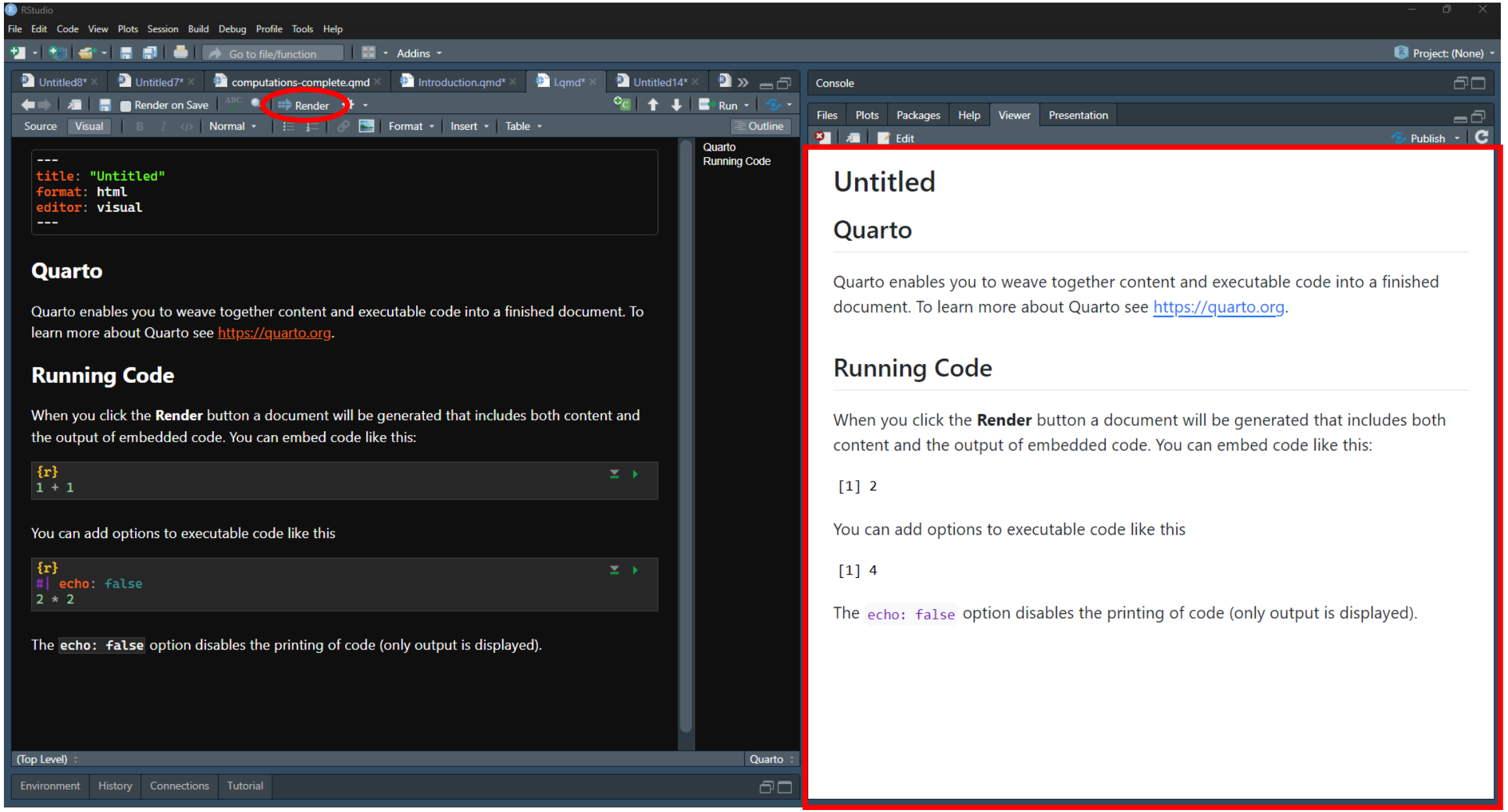
`echo: true` enables the printing of code (only output is displayed), unless otherwise specified.

`warning: false` disables the printing of warning messages.

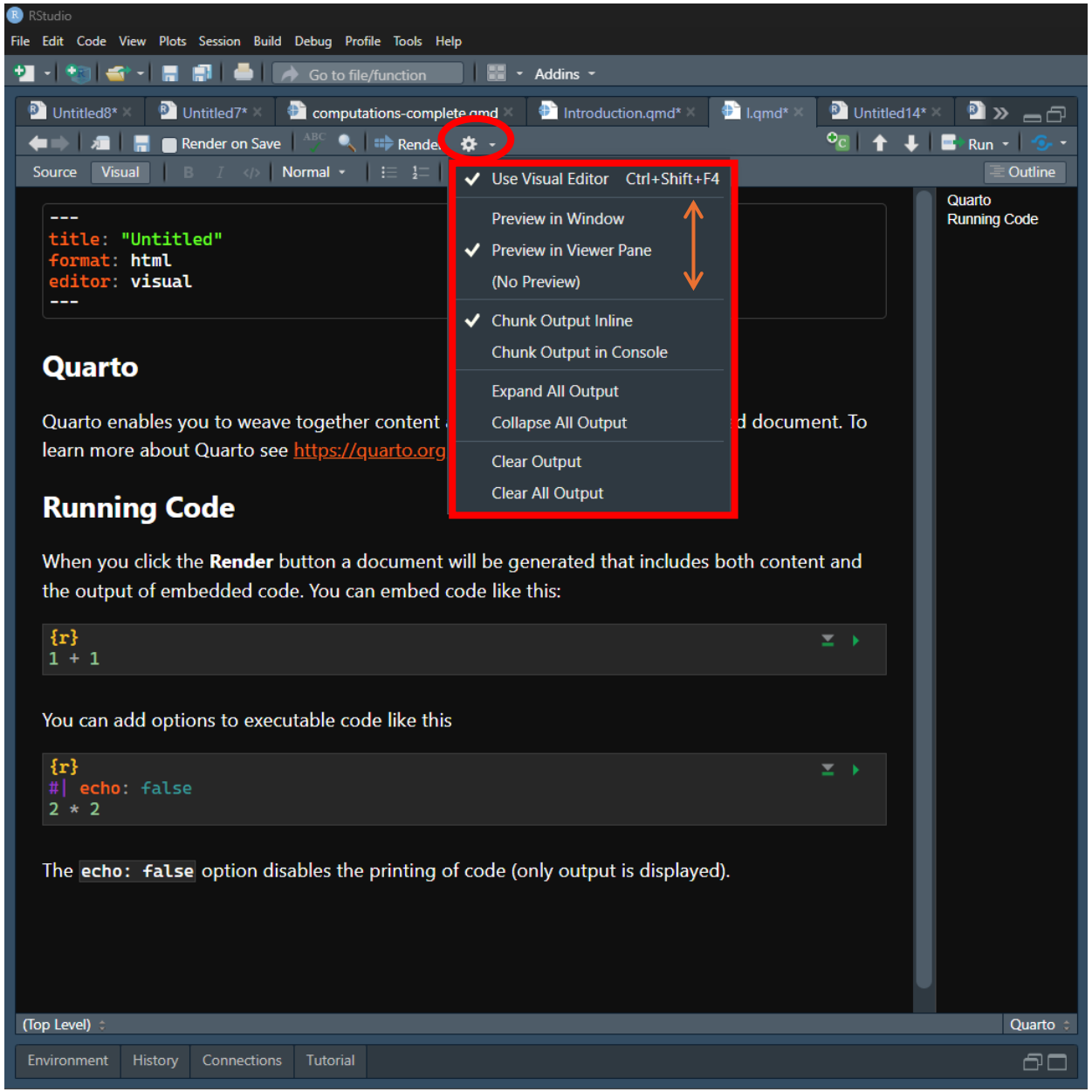
`toc: true` specifies that the table of contents should be shown; automatically generated based on the headings.

`chunk_output_type: console` specifies that when executing the code in RStudio (i.e., when you “run” the code, instead of “render”), the outcput in RStudio should be displayed in the “console” (where it typically appears when using R)

2 - Output Settings – Render



2 - Output Settings – Render parameter



- **Preview in viewer pane**: output in R pane
- **Preview in window**: output open with your browser (html), Microsoft office (word), adobe reader (pdf), …

2 - Output Settings – Exercice

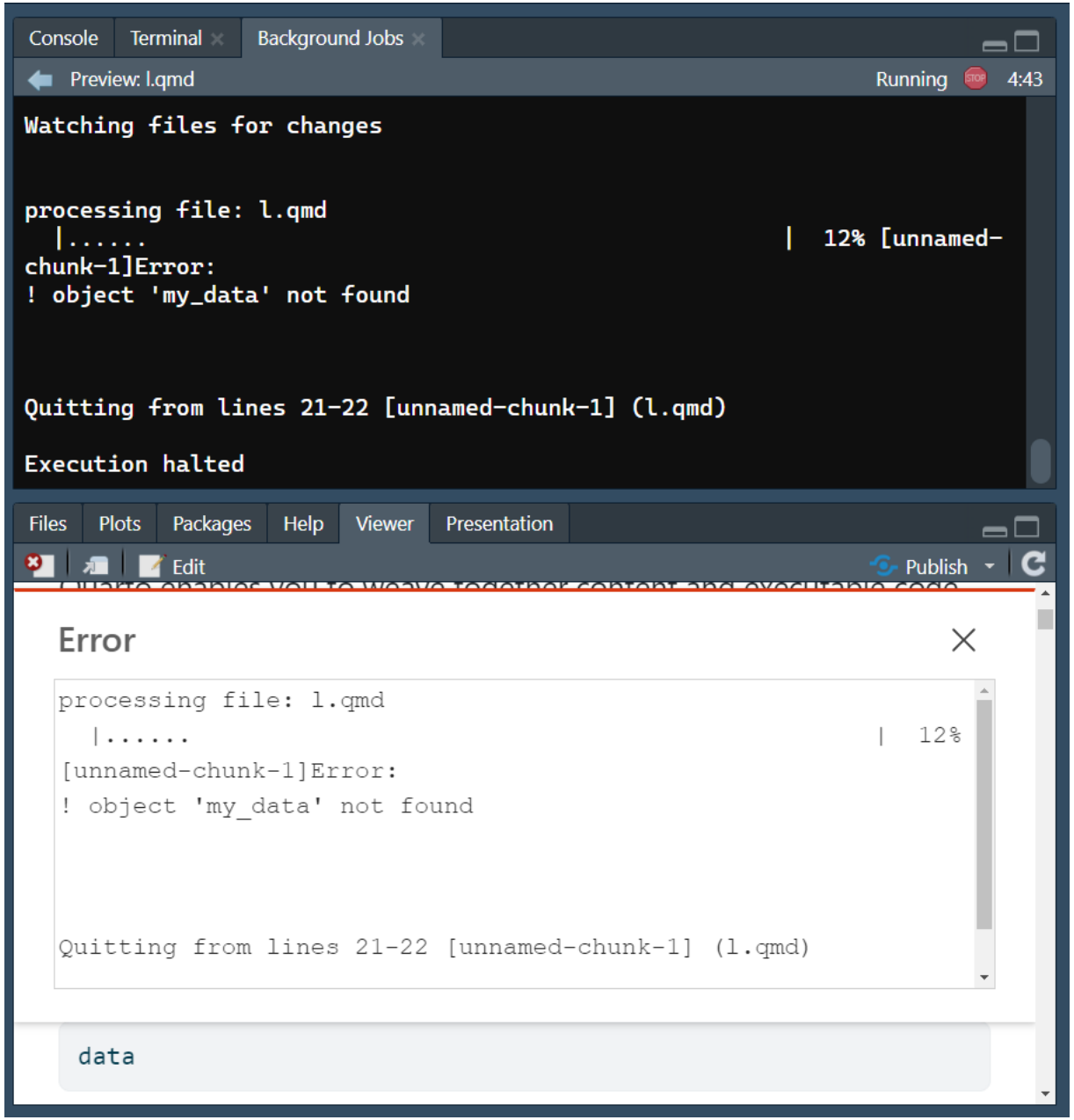
(1) Change your render parameter to "*Preview in window*" and see what happen.

(2) Add "*echo: FALSE*" in your Output settings and see what happen.

(3) Type below 1 + 1, *log(-1)*.
add *warning: false* in your output settings.

(4) Use "html" and "pdf" as format: add
html: default
pdf: default
docx: default
And render to a pdf

2 - Output Settings – Error



3 - Formatting Basics

Syntax (Input)

```
# Heading 1


## Heading 2

### Heading 3



Bold text like **this** or __this__

Italicize text like *this* or _this_
```

```
superscript^2^ / subscript~2~
```

```
~~strikethrough~~
```

Formatted Output

Heading 1

Heading 2

Heading 3

Bold text like **this** or **this**

Italicize text like *this* or *this*

superscript^2 / subscript$_2$

~~strikethrough~~

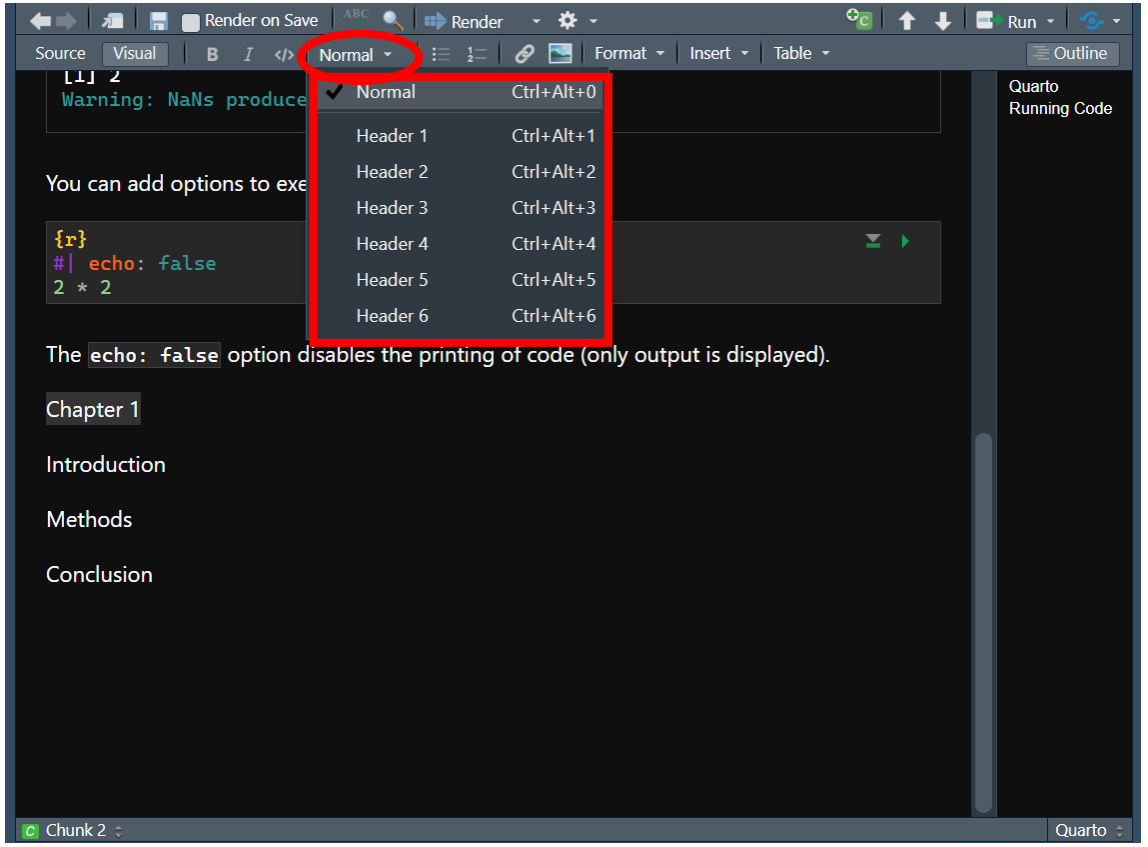
... still in *Visual* ?

3 - Formatting Basics – Exercice

Add in your document:

Chapter 1 as *Header 1*
Introduction as *Header 2*
Conclusion as *Header 2*

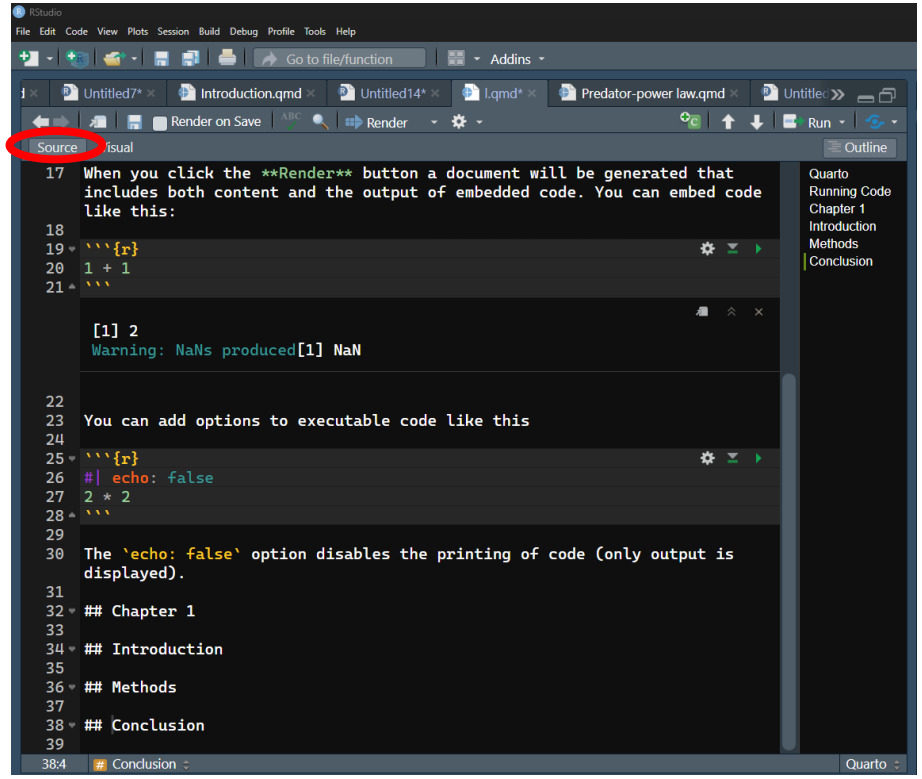
With buttons



Manually

```
## Chapter 1

## Introduction

## Methods

## Conclusion
```

Source

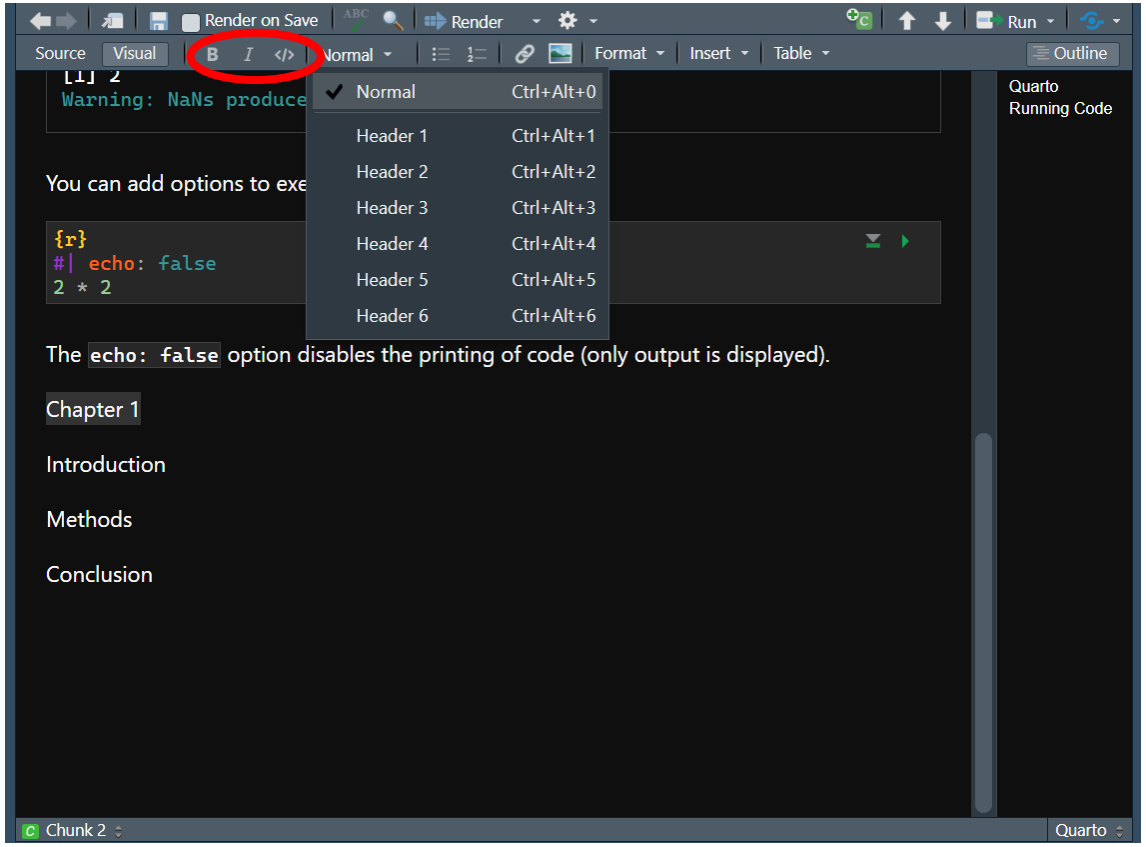


3 - Formatting Basics – Exercice

Add in your document:

This one is **bold**, but this one is *italic*. I am ***bolditalic***.

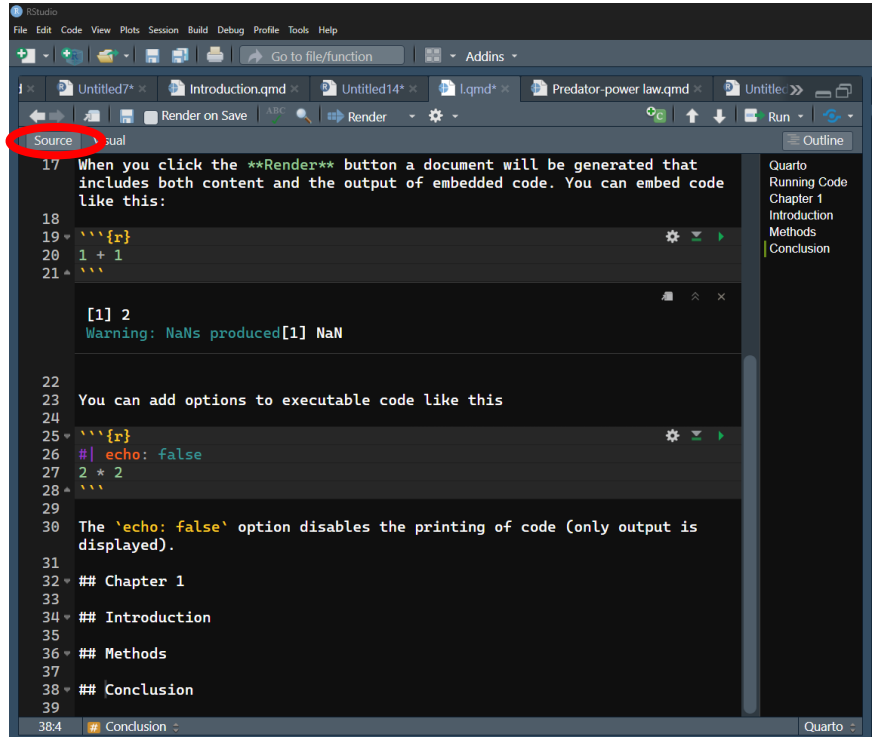
With buttons



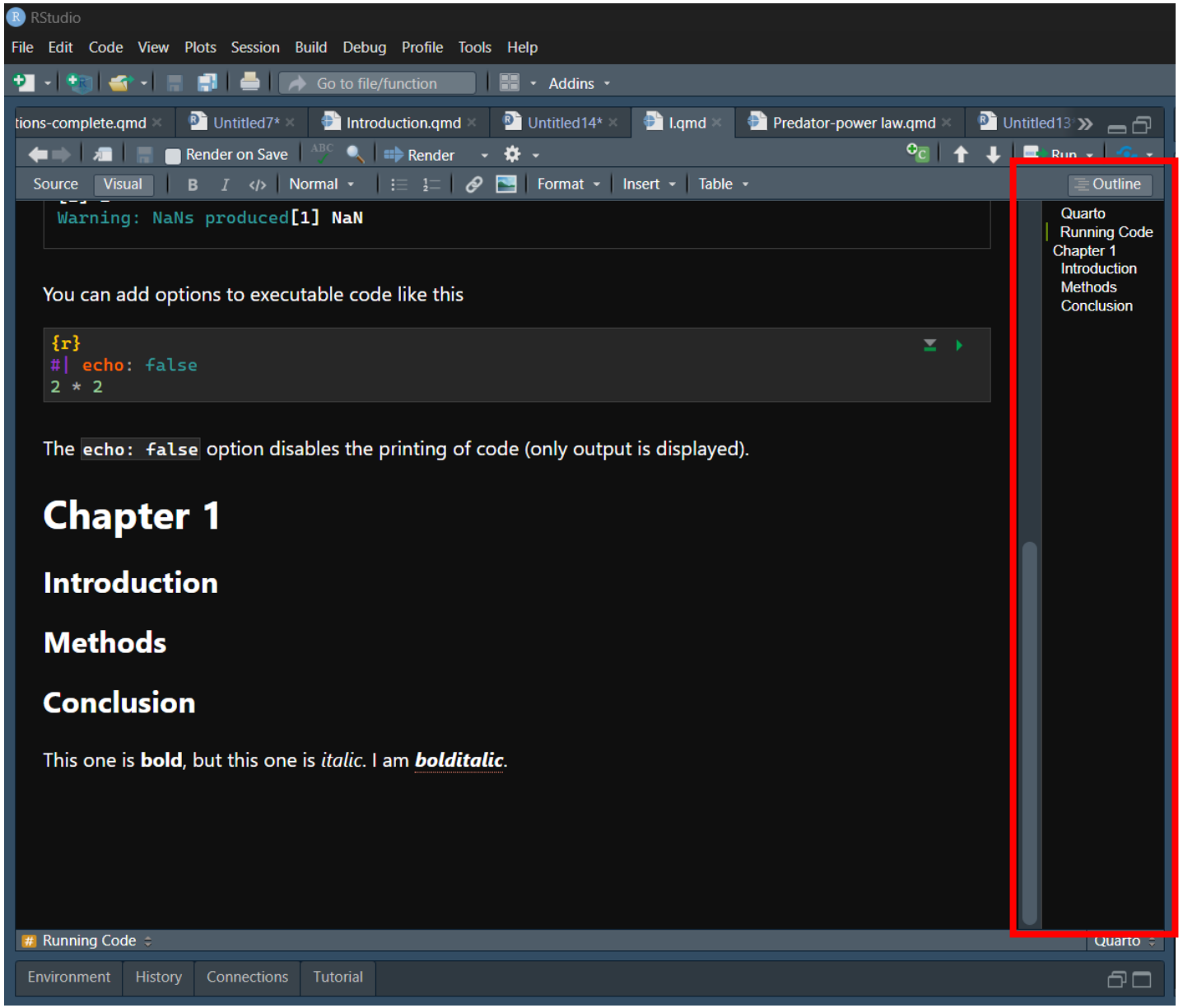
Manually

```
## Chapter 1

## Introduction

## Methods

## Conclusion
```

Source



3 - Formatting Basics – Exercice



- Headers are displayed in outline

3 - Formatting Basics

- The following syntax works with Quarto and its predecessor Markdown. In addition to this code, RStudio has a 'visual' editor which provides a point-and-click interface to format the document.

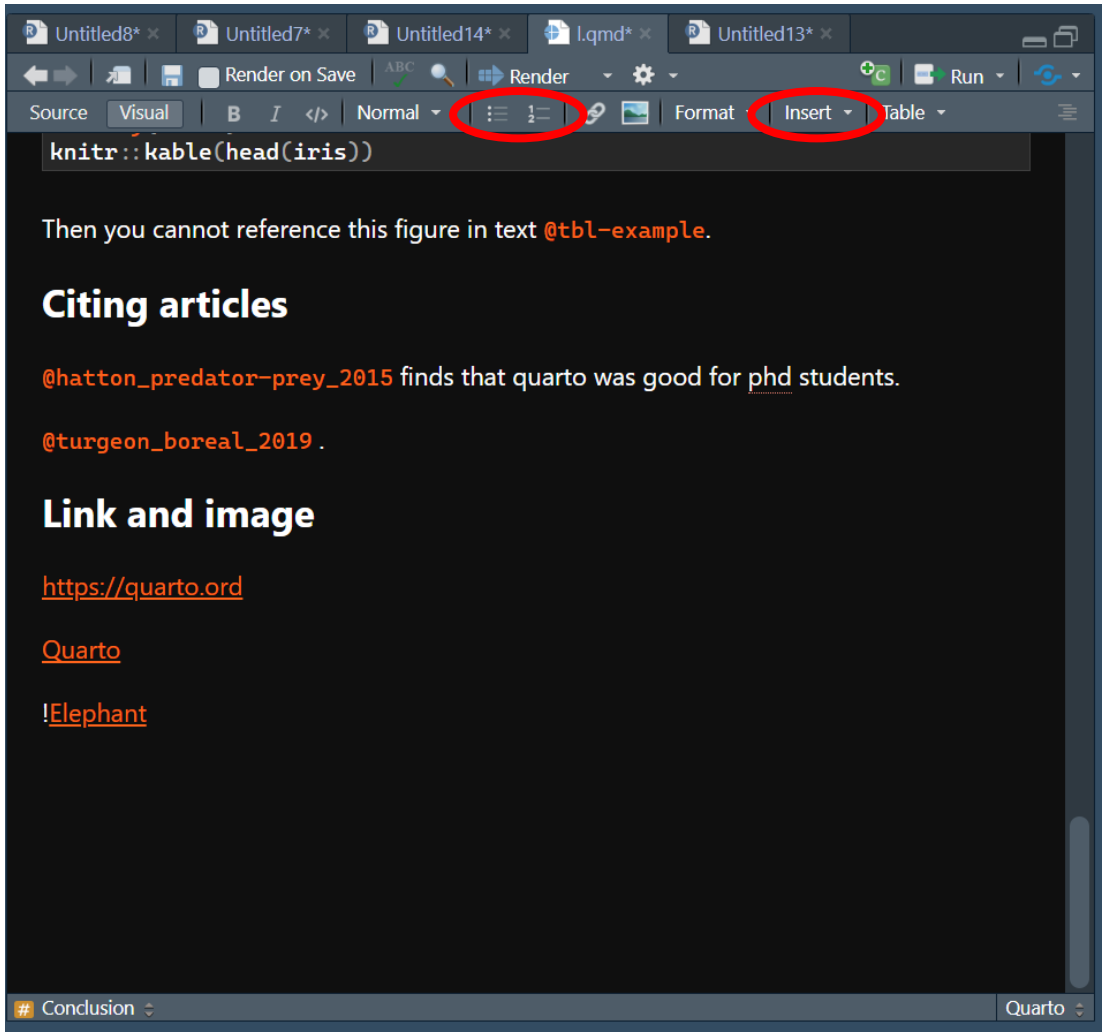
```
-   Bullet point (nordered lists)
-   Hyphen, follwed by 'tab'

1.    Ordered list
2.    Number, period, then 'tab'
```

- Bullet point (nordered lists)
- Hyphen, followed by 'tab'

1. Ordered list
2. Number, period, then 'tab'

```
|            | Manual    | Table     |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Variable 1 | 11        | 21        |
| Variable 2 | 12        | 22        |
| Variable 3 | 12        | 23        |
```

	Manual	Table
Variable 1	11	21
Variable 2	12	22
Variable 3	12	23



Technical terms

- **Inline Code:** allows you to execute code within the text.
- **Outline Code:** allows you to execute code in chunks.

4 - Integrating R Statistical Code – chunks

To execute R code

- Outline

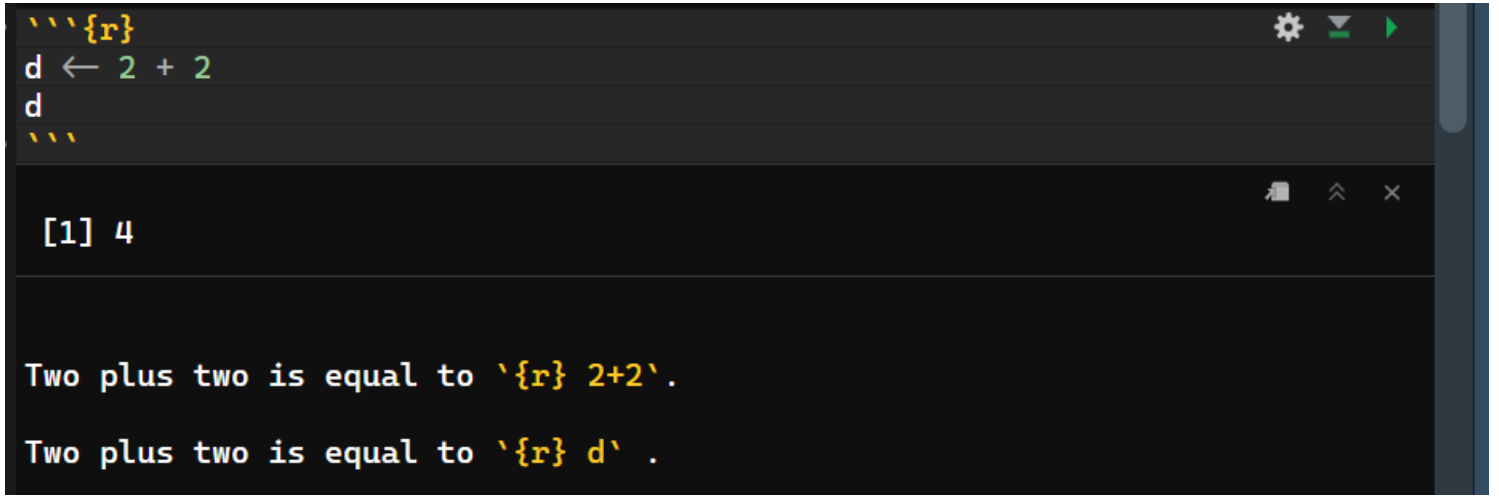
```{r}
```

Shortcut: Crtl + Alt + I

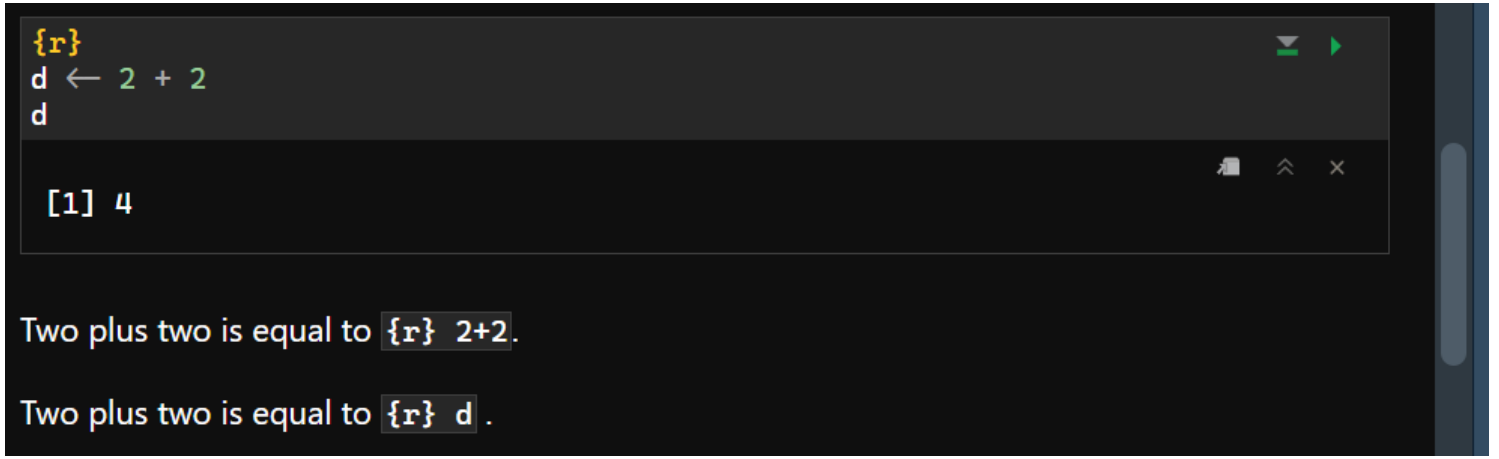
- **Inline:**

`{r} ... `

< Source



< Visual



4 - Integrating R Statistical Code – Exercice

(1) Create an object d = 2 + 2 in a chunk

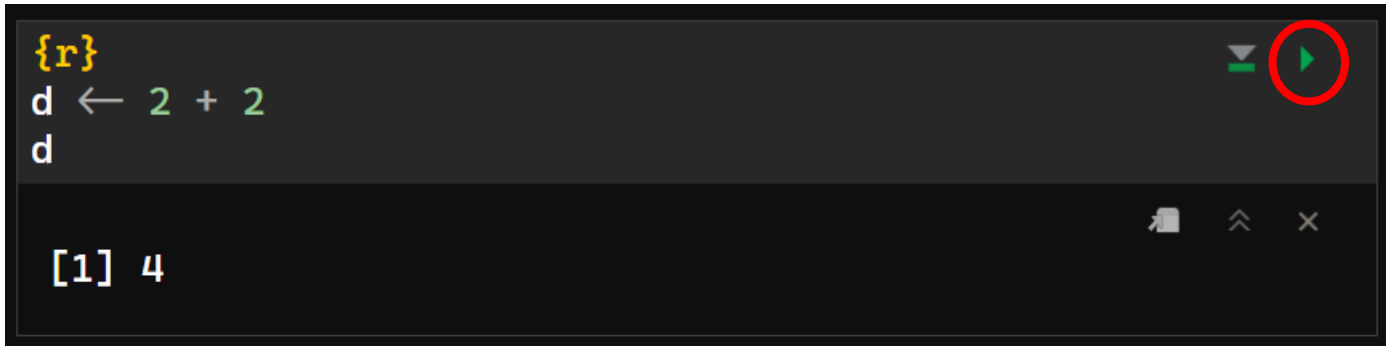
```{r}
d ← 2+2
```

(2) In the body text, type:

Two plus two is equal to `{r} 2+2`

Two plus two is equal to `{r} d`

Display your R codes without render …



4 - Integrating R Statistical Code – Execution Options

Allow to handle chunks output … use #|

```
{r}
#| echo: false
#| warning: false
```

Other execution options include:

- `eval: true` indicates that the code chunk should be 'evaluated' or 'run'
- `echo: true` indicates the code chunk should be 'echoed' or shown along in the output
- `warning: false` indicates that any warning messags should not be shown in the output
- `output: asis` indicates that the output is raw markdown and should not have any of Quarto's standard enclosing markdown
- `include: false` is a catch all, indicating neither the code chunk nor results should be shown in the output
- `file: "Name of R file.R"` can be used to import, display, and run the code that is in a separate file called "Name of R file.R". Useful if you have custom functinos saved in a separate R script, and want to show the function code in your final document.

4 - Integrating R Statistical Code – Exercice

- Type the following code in your document and see how is the output by clicking on render.

```r
{r}
#| include: false
plot(1:10, 1:10)
```

```r
{r}
plot(1:10, 1:10, col="red")
```

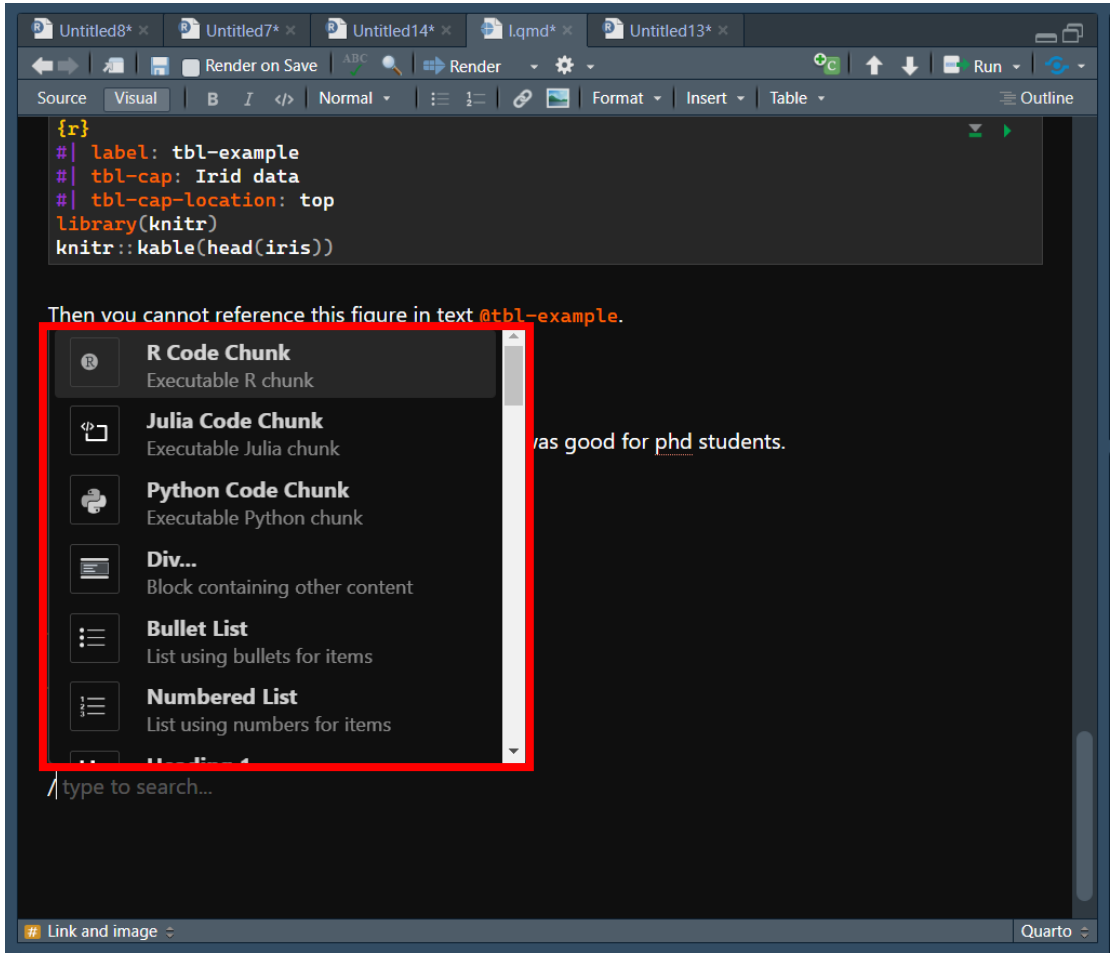
```r
{r}
#| echo: false
plot(1:10, 1:10, col="blue")
```

4 - Integrating R Statistical Code - workflow

- Package codes, working directory, … should be put in R chunks.
- Objects already created in a chunk can be used in other chunks in the documents …

Shortcut / display options

- Type **/...**



5 - Technical writing - Equation

- Use $ … $ for inline
- For outline, use

$$
…
$$

- Einstein equation: $E = mc^2$ → Einstein's equation: $E = mc^2$

- $$
  E = mc^2
  $$ → $E = mc^2$

- $$
  \frac{1}{2}
  $$ → $\frac{1}{2}$

- $$
  Y = X_1 + X_2
  $$ → $Y = X_1 + X_2$

- $$
  \sqrt{p}
  $$ → $\sqrt{p}$

- $$
  \sum_{i = 1}^{n}{(\bar{x} - x_i)^2}
  $$ → $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\bar{x} - x_i)^2$

- $$
  Y \sim X\beta_0 + X\beta_1 + \epsilon
  $$ → $Y \sim X\beta_0 + X\beta_1 + \epsilon$

- $$
  Pr(\theta | y) = \frac{Pr(y | \theta)}{Pr(y)}
  $$ → $Pr(\theta|y) = \frac{Pr(y|\theta)Pr(\theta)}{Pr(y)}$

6 - Referecing: citing Figures, Tables, links, …

Link to tables or figures or section in text.

- Step 1: create the figure/image in a chunk

- Step 2: add the execution option #| label:

  #| label: fig-label

  #| label: tbl-label

- Step 3: refer it in your text using @…

  @fig-label

  @tbl-label

Referencing figures

- Outline (chunks)

```
{r}
#| label: fig-example
#| fig-cap: Volcano heatmap
image(volcano)
```

Then you cannot reference this figure in text `@fig-example`.

- Inline

Type	Syntax	Output
Default	`@fig-elephant`	Figure 1
Capitalized	`@Fig-elephant`	Figure 1
Custom Prefix	`[Fig @fig-elephant]`	Fig 1
No Prefix	`[-@fig-elephant]`	1

Referencing tables

- Created in Outline (chunks)

```{r}
#| label: tbl-example
#| tbl-cap: Irid data
#| tbl-cap-location: top
library(knitr)
knitr::kable(head(iris))
```

Then you cannot reference this figure in text `@tbl-example`.

- Used in Inline

Type	Syntax	Output
Default	`@fig-elephant`	Figure 1
Capitalized	`@Fig-elephant`	Figure 1
Custom Prefix	`[Fig @fig-elephant]`	Fig 1
No Prefix	`[-@fig-elephant]`	1

Citing articles

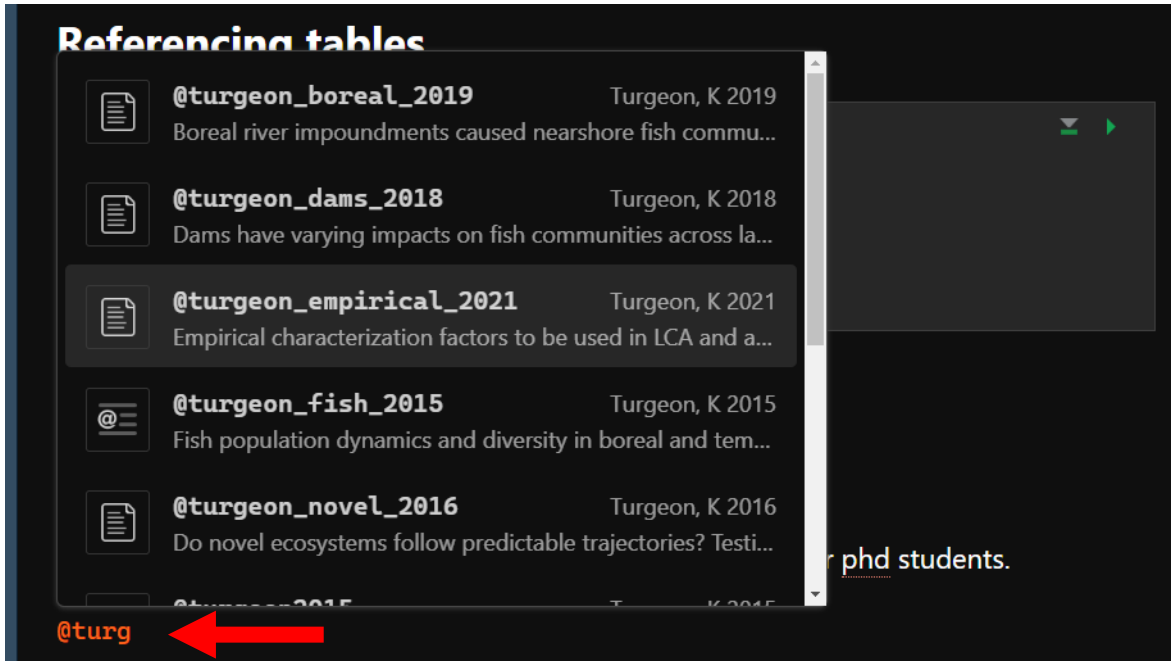
(1) Exporter votre library (ex: Zotero, Mendley, …) en **.bib**

(2) Add the file in your working directory.

(3) Add **bibliography: name.bib** in the output settings.

```yaml
---
title: "Untitled"
format:
  html: default
  pdf: default
editor: visual
warning: false
bibliography: Library.bib
---
```

(4) In the text type @....

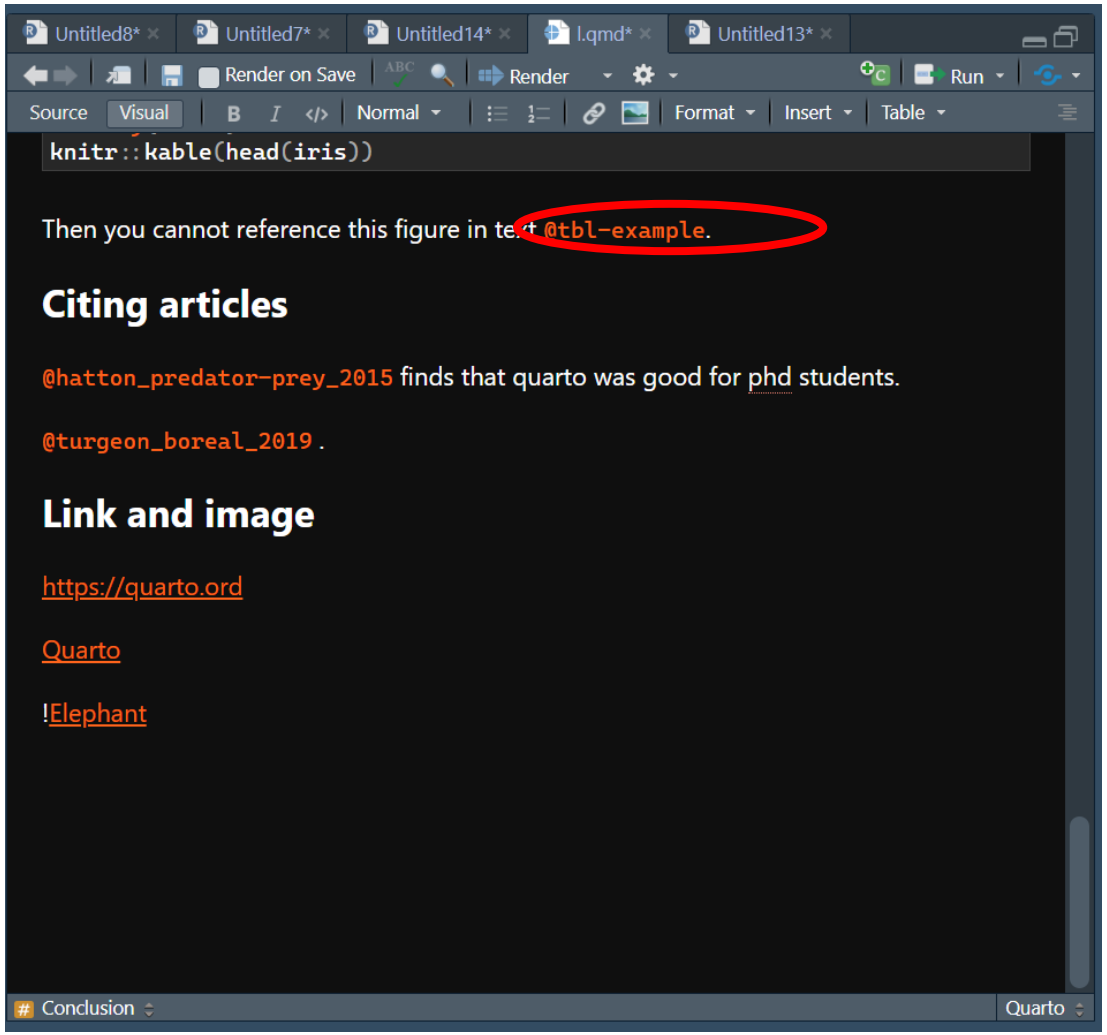


Referencing link, image, ...

```
Clickable link: <https://google.com>

[Hyperlink](google.com)
```

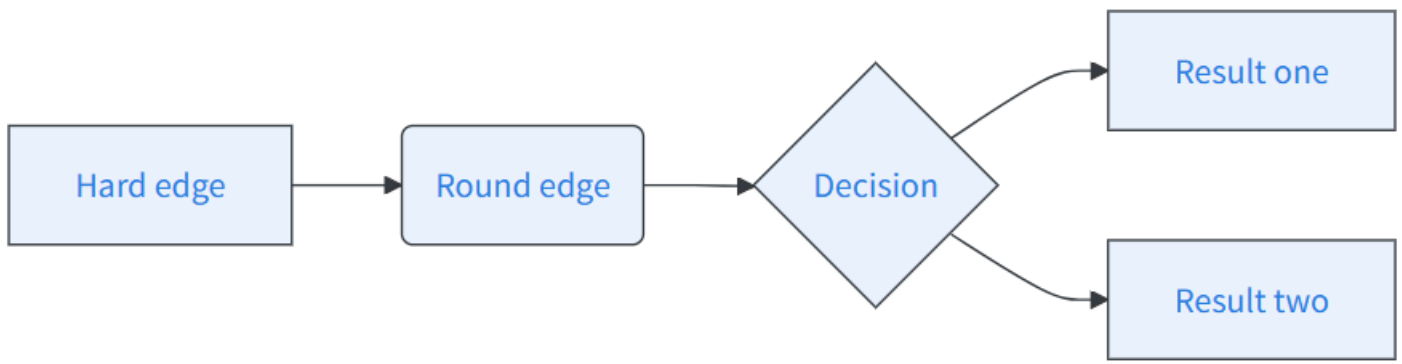
Clickable link: https://google.com

Hyperlink



Diagrams

````
```{mermaid}
flowchart LR
  A[Hard edge] --> B(Round edge)
  B --> C{Decision}
  C --> D[Result one]
  C --> E[Result two]
```
````



Common shortcuts

Action	Windows/Linux	Mac
Knit document	Ctrl + Shift + K	Cmd + Shift + K
Insert Chunk	Ctrl + Alt + I	Cmd + Option + I
Run Current Chunk	Ctrl + Alt + C	Cmd + Option + C
Jump to Shift+Alt+J	Cmd+Shift+Option+J	
Show Keyboard Shortcut Reference	Alt+Shift+K	Option+Shift+K
Create multiple cursors	Ctrl + Alt + Up/Down	option + control + Up/Down
Delete the current line	Ctrl + D	Cmd + D
Un/Comment out a line	Ctrl + Shift + C	Cmd + Shift + C
Reformat Section	Ctrl + Shift + A	Cmd + Shift + A

The end …